	~	CLAIMS
hill	$\mathcal{A}_{A_{1}}^{\lambda}$	1. In an intermediate network device having a plurality of ports for forwarding
1010		messages in a computer network and two or more supervisors, each supervisor including
	3	at least one spanning tree protocol (STP) engine configured to transition the ports of the
	4	device among a plurality of spanning tree port states, a method for continuing operation
	5	of a spanning tree protocol despite crashes or failures, the method comprising the steps
	6	of:
	7	designating a first supervisor to be an active supervisor and a second supervisor to
	8	be a standby supervisor for the network device;
	9	running the spanning tree protocol at the active supervisor such that the STP en-
=	10	gine at the active supervisor elects at least one root of the computer network and directs
	11	the ports to transition among the spanning tree port states;
	12	storing the spanning tree port states of the ports at the standby supervisor;
	13	in response to a failure at the active supervisor, running the spanning tree protocol
<u>.</u>	14	at the standby supervisor; and
=======================================	15	utilizing the stored spanning tree port states of the ports at the standby supervisor
	16	to run the spanning tree protocol at the standby supervisor.
	1	2. The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of informing the standby su-
m.	2	pervisor whenever a port is transitioned from a first spanning tree port state to a second
	3	spanning tree port state by the active supervisor.
	1	3. The method of claim / further comprising the steps of:
	2	storing the spanning tree port states at the ports;
	3	executing a consistency check between the spanning tree port state information at
	4	the newly active supervisor and the spanning tree port state information at the ports.
	1	4. The method of claim 3 further comprising the steps of:

4. The method of claim 3 further comprising the steps of:

leaving all ports that pass the consistency check in their current spanning tree port state; and

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4	transitioning all ports that fail the consistency check to a non-forwarding spanning
5	tree port state.
1	5. The method of claim 4 further comprising the step of, in response to the failure
2	at the active supervisor, designating the standby supervisor to be the newly active super-
3	visor for the network device.
1	6. The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of identifying the at least
2	one root of the computer network by the standby supervisor following the failure of the
3	active supervisor.
1	7. The method of claim 6 further comprising the step of, if the network device is
2	not the at least one root, generating and forwarding one or more topology change notifi-
3	cation protocol data unit (TCN-PDU) messages.
1	8. The method of claim 3 wherein the step of informing comprises the steps of:
2	generating, at the active supervisor, a port change state event in response to de-
3	termining that a given port is to transition from a first spanning tree port state to a second
4	spanning tree port state;
5	associating the port change state event with a corresponding sequence number;
6	notifying the given port of the corresponding sequence number when the active
7	supervisor directs the given port to change spanning tree port states; and
8	storing, at the given port, the sequence number.
1	9. The method of claim 8 further comprising the steps of:
2	notifying standby supervisor of the port change state event and the sequence
3	number; and
4	storing, at the standby supervisor, the second spanning tree port state for the given
5	port and the corresponding sequence number.

1	10. The method of claim 9 wherein the step of executing the consistency check
2	comprises the step of comparing the one or more sequence numbers stored by the ports
3	with the sequence number stored by the standby supervisor.
3	with the sequence number stored by the standby supervisor.
1	11. The method of claim 9 further comprising the steps of:
2	clearing each port change state event upon directing the given port to change
3	spanning tree port states;
4	in response to the failure at the active supervisor, designating any port change
5	state events not cleared by the failed active supervisor as open events; and
6	for each open event:
7	storing, at the standby supervisor, the second spanning tree port state for
8	the given port; and
9	directing the given port to change spanning tree port states as specified in
10	the open event.
1	12. The method of claim 1 wherein, in response to the failure at the active super-
2	visor, the standby supervisor elects the at least one root and directs the ports to transition
3	among the spanning tree port states.
1	13. The method of claim 12 wherein the step of running the spanning tree proto-
2	col at the standby supervisor comprises the steps of:
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3	generating a plurality of configuration bridge protocol data unit (BPDU) mes-
4	sages; and
5	forwarding the BPDU messages from the ports of the network device,
6	wherein the BPDU messages include a Topology Change (TC) flag field, and the
7	TC flag field is asserted.
1	14. The method of claim 4 wherein the non-forwarding spanning tree port state of
2	the transitioning step is one of blocking and listening spanning tree port states.
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1	15. The method of claim 4 wherein the steps of executing and identifying are each
2	performed by the standby supervisor.
1	16. The method of claim 1 free from informing the standby supervisor of the at
2	least one root elected by the active supervisor.
ı	17. An intermediate network device for use in a computer network, the intermedi-
2	ate network device comprising:
3	a plurality of ports for forwarding messages;
4	a first supervisor having at least one spanning tree protocol (STP) engine config-
5	ured to transition the ports of the device among a plurality of spanning tree port states;
6	a second supervisor having at least one STP engine configured to transition the
7	ports of the device among a plurality of spanning tree port states;
8	means for designating the first supervisor to be an active supervisor and the sec-
9	ond supervisor to be a standby supervisor such that the STP engine at the active supervi-
10	sor elects at least one root of the computer network and directs the ports to transition
11	among the spanning tree port states; and
12	means for storing the spanning tree port states of the ports at the standby supervi-
13	sor.
1	18. The intermediate network device of claim 17 further comprising means for
2	informing the standby supervisor whenever a port is transitioned from a first spanning
3	tree port state to a second spanning tree port state by the active supervisor
1	19. The intermediate network device of claim 17 further comprising:
2	means, disposed at the standby supervisor, for detecting a crash or failure at the
2	active supervisor: and

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means, responsive to a crash or failure at the active supervisor, for running the spanning tree protocol at the standby supervisor utilizing the spanning tree port states stored at the standby supervisor.

- 20. The intermediate network device of claim 19 further comprising means, responsive to a crash or failure at the active supervisor, for designating the standby supervisor to be a newly active supervisor, whereby, in response to the crash or failure at the active supervisor, the newly active supervisor elects the at least one root and directs the ports to transition among the spanning tree port states.
- 21. The intermediate network device of claim 18 wherein the informing means comprises:
 - a first event manager disposed at the active supervisor, the first event manager configured to generate port change events in response to the ports transitioning from a current spanning tree port state to a new spanning tree port state;
- a second event manager disposed at the standby supervisor; and
 means for passing the port change events from the first event manager to the second event manager.
- 22. The intermediate network device of claim 21 wherein each port change event generated by the active event manager identifies the respective port and the new spanning tree port state.
- 23. The intermediate network device of claim 17 whereby the active supervisor does not inform the standby supervisor of the at least one elected root within the computer network.
- 24. A computer readable medium containing executable program instructions for continuing operation of a spanning tree protocol (STP) despite crashes or failures at an

3	intermediate network device having a plurality of ports for forwarding messages in a
4	computer network and two or more supervisors, each supervisor including at least one
5	STP engine configured to transition the ports of the device among a plurality of spanning
6	tree port states, the executable program instructions comprising program instructions for:
7	designating a first supervisor to be an active supervisor and a second supervisor to
8	be a standby supervisor for the device;
9	running the spanning tree protocol at the active supervisor such that the STP en-
10	gine at the active supervisor elects at least one root of the computer network and directs
11	the ports to transition among the spanning tree port states;
12	informing the standby supervisor whenever a port is transitioned to a new span-
13	ning tree port state by the active supervisor;
14	in response to a crash or failure at the active supervisor, designating the standby
15	supervisor to be a newly active supervisor for the network device;
16	executing a consistency check between port state information at the newly active
17	supervisor and port state information at the ports;
18	leaving all ports that pass the consistency check in their current spanning tree port
19	state;
20	transitioning all ports that fail the consistency check to a non-forwarding spanning
21	tree port state; and
22	identifying the at least one root of the computer network.
1	25. The computer readable medium of claim 24 wherein the programming steps
2	for informing comprises the programming steps for:
3	generating, at the active supervisor, a port change event in response to a given
4	port transitioning from a first spanning tree port state to a second spanning tree port state;
5	associating the port change event with a corresponding sequence number;

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6	notifying the given port of the corresponding sequence number when the active
7	supervisor directs the given port to change spanning tree port states; and
8	storing, for the given port, the corresponding sequence number.
1	26. An intermediate network device for use in a computer network, the intermedi-
2	ate network device comprising:
3	a plurality of ports for forwarding messages;
4	a first supervisor having at least one spanning tree protocol (STP) engine config-
5	ured to transition the ports of the device among a plurality of spanning tree port states;
6	a second supervisor having at least one STP engine configured to transition the
7	ports of the device among a plurality of spanning tree port states;
8	an elector at the first and second supervisors, the electors configured to cooperate
9	so as to designate the first supervisor to be an active supervisor and the second supervisor
10	to be a standby supervisor, and to activate the STP engine at the active supervisor so that
11	the STP engine elects at least one root of the computer network and directs the ports to
12	transition among the spanning tree port states; and
13	an event manager at the first and second supervisors, the event manager config-
14	ured to transmit spanning tree port state information from the active supervisor to the
15	standby supervisor; and
16	at least one memory at the standby supervisor configured to store the spanning
17	tree port states received from the active supervisor.

27. The intermediate network device of claim 26 wherein the event manager at the active supervisor is further configured to notify the standby supervisor whenever a port is transitioned from a first spanning tree port state to a second spanning tree port state by the STP engine at the active supervisor.

- 28. The intermediate network device of claim 26 turther comprising a failure detection module disposed at the standby supervisor, the failure detection module configured to detect a crash or failure of the active supervisor, and to activate the STP engine at the standby supervisor wherein the STP engine at the standby supervisor utilizes the spanning tree port states stored at the standby supervisor to run the spanning tree protocol.
- 29. The intermediate network device of claim 28 further wherein
 in response to a detection of a crash or failure at the active supervisor the standby
 supervisor is designated to be a newly active supervisor, and
 the STP engine at newly active supervisor elects the at least one root and directs
- the ports to transition among the spanning tree port states.